

# 經濟部所屬事業機構 107 年新進職員甄試試題

類別：全部類別

節次：第一節

科目：共同科目(國文、英文)

注意  
事項

- 1.本試題共 4 頁(A3 紙 1 張)。
- 2.禁止使用電子計算器。
- 3.國文論文寫作 1 篇(100 分)，須用藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆在答案卷指定範圍內作答；英文單選題共 40 題，每題 2.5 分，共 100 分，須用 2B 鉛筆在答案卡畫記作答，於本試題或其他紙張作答者不予計分。
- 4.英文請就各題選項中選出最適當者為答案，各題答對得該題所配分數，答錯或畫記多於 1 個選項者，倒扣該題所配分數 3 分之 1，倒扣至本科之實得分數為零為止；未作答者，不給分亦不扣分。
- 5.本試題採雙面印刷，請注意正、背面試題。
- 6.考試結束前離場者，試題須隨答案卷(卡)繳回，俟本節考試結束後，始得至原試場或適當處所索取。
- 7.考試時間：120 分鐘。

壹、國文：論文寫作：100 分(請在答案卷作答，必須抄題)

寫作題目：隨著科技演進與技術進步，人工智慧、區塊鏈、雲端、大數據分析與物聯網等成為新顯學，更大幅改變消費行為與企業經營模式，為了迎接這股風潮，政府正積極推展數位經濟及智慧政府等各項政策，請以「**國營事業如何應用新科技以提升經營績效**」為題，寫作論文一篇，並加以闡述。

貳、英文：單選題 40 題，每題 2.5 分、共 100 分(請在答案卡作答，答錯有倒扣，請詳閱注意事項 4)

一、字彙

- [D] 1. Whales make the longest \_\_\_\_\_ known among mammals. Gray whales can swim thousands of miles for the summer.  
(A) expatriation (B) immigrations (C) integration (D) migrations
- [B] 2. Because they are \_\_\_\_\_, wolves hunt large animals such as deer and elk.  
(A) herbivorous (B) carnivorous (C) utilitarian (D) transitory
- [B] 3. The equator is the dividing line between the Northern and Southern \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) atmosphere (B) hemisphere (C) zenith (D) pole
- [A] 4. In Taiwan, elementary education is \_\_\_\_\_. All children must attend six years of elementary school.  
(A) compulsory (B) distinctive (C) repulsive (D) selective

- [C] 5. The emotional toll from a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ event can cause intense, confusing and frightening emotions.  
 (A) dramatic (B) climactic (C) traumatic (D) automatic
- [C] 6. Doctor Liu \_\_\_\_\_ her patients to have more exercise.  
 (A) deserves (B) inherits (C) recommends (D) stumbles
- [B] 7. Karen and Matt had a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ wedding. They got married in a hot air balloon.  
 (A) premature (B) unconventional (C) unconditional (D) conventional
- [A] 8. The old city boasts of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ of historic buildings.  
 (A) wealth (B) excuse (C) rigor (D) intake
- [D] 9. Many homemakers do not have a chance to \_\_\_\_\_ a career until their children are older.  
 (A) fasten (B) import (C) regret (D) pursue
- [A] 10. Nowadays, most consumers appear less \_\_\_\_\_ to brands and are more willing to experiment.  
 (A) loyal (B) drowsy (C) crucial (D) massive

二、文法及慣用語

- [D] 11. There are many interesting places to visit in NYC. The art museum, \_\_\_\_\_, has an excellent collection of medieval paintings.  
 (A) in turn (B) by degrees (C) by and large (D) for instance
- [D] 12. The science museum is definitely \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) a worth visiting (B) a visit worthy (C) visiting a worth (D) worth a visit
- [B 或 D] 13. In the season of autumn, \_\_\_\_\_ leaves on the ground seem to add more colors to Nature.  
 (A) fall (B) falling (C) falls (D) fallen
- [A] 14. This English dictionary is the one upon \_\_\_\_\_ I depend when learning new words.  
 (A) which (B) that (C) of which (D) what
- [D] 15. More flood is expected in eastern China \_\_\_\_\_ areas further inland, like Nanjing and Wuhan.  
 (A) as much as (B) as many as (C) as good as (D) as well as
- [C] 16. \_\_\_\_\_ the semester is over, I'm going to rest a few days and then go abroad.  
 (A) As to (B) Because of (C) Now that (D) In fact
- [B] 17. Singapore has a warm climate, \_\_\_\_\_ Russia has a cold climate.  
 (A) where (B) whereas (C) since (D) notwithstanding
- [C] 18. Juan comes from Venezuela, \_\_\_\_\_ is a Spanish-speaking country.  
 (A) where (B) so (C) which (D) that
- [A] 19. The movie was okay, but I would rather \_\_\_\_\_ to the concert last night.  
 (A) have gone (B) go (C) be going (D) have been going
- [C] 20. Every morning, my grandfather \_\_\_\_\_ his jacket before going outside to get the newspaper.  
 (A) puts up (B) puts down (C) puts on (D) puts in
- [B] 21. Water is a human right, and everyone should \_\_\_\_\_ clean, pure water.  
 (A) drop by (B) have access to (C) make up of (D) turn down
- [A] 22. Hoping to excuse my lateness, \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) I wrote a note and gave it to my teacher (B) a note was given to my teacher  
 (C) my teacher had given a note (D) my teacher was written a note
- [C] 23. Many poor people believe it is possible to \_\_\_\_\_ in this country of opportunities.  
 (A) beat around the bush (B) eat their own words  
 (C) go from rags to riches (D) hit the sack

- [一律給分] 24. Among humans, brain size doesn't indicate how smart someone is. Some geniuses have smaller-than-average brains, \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) some brains are as large as average                      (B) others have larger brains than some  
(C) much larger than other brains are                      (D) while others larger than average
- [B] 25. Swinging Lamppost Apartments \_\_\_\_\_ pet owners. There's even a dog park on the premises.  
(A) applies to                      (B) caters to                      (C) reacts to                      (D) sticks to

### 三、克漏字

Archaeologists searching Portugal's coast have found a 400-year-old ship (26) near Lisbon after returning from India laden with spices. "In Portugal, this is the most important (27) of all time," project director Jorge Freire said. In and around the shipwreck, 40 feet (28) the surface, divers found spices, nine cannons (29) the Portuguese coat of arms, Chinese ceramics and cowry shells, a type of currency used to (30) slaves during the colonial era.

- [B] 26. (A) as is believed to sink                      (B) believed to have sunk  
(C) is believed to sink                      (D) to believe in sinking
- [C] 27. (A) fake                      (B) fault                      (C) find                      (D) froth
- [A] 28. (A) below                      (B) next to                      (C) on top of                      (D) opposite
- [B] 29. (A) discharging                      (B) engraved with                      (C) pulled by                      (D) reflecting on
- [D] 30. (A) blame                      (B) chain                      (C) forecast                      (D) trade

Approximately six to eight million adults in the United States eat no meat, fish, or poultry. Several million more have (31) red meat but still eat chicken or fish. About two million have become vegans, forgoing not only animal flesh but also animal-based products such as milk, cheese, eggs, and gelatin.

Traditionally, research into vegetarianism focused mainly on potential nutritional deficiencies, but in recent years, the (32) has swung the other way, and studies are confirming the health benefits of meat-free eating. Nowadays, plant-based eating is recognized as not only nutritionally sufficient but also as a way to reduce the risk for many (33) illnesses. You can get many of the health benefits of being vegetarian without going all the way. For example, a Mediterranean eating pattern — known to be associated with longer life and reduced risk of several illnesses — (34) an emphasis on plant foods with a sparing use of meat. Even if you don't want to become a complete vegetarian, you can steer your diet in that direction (35) a few simple substitutions, such as plant-based sources of protein — beans or tofu, for example — or fish instead of meat a couple of times a week.

- [A] 31. (A) eliminated                      (B) obtained                      (C) switched                      (D) adapted
- [D] 32. (A) management                      (B) exhibition                      (C) merchandise                      (D) pendulum
- [C] 33. (A) pending                      (B) available                      (C) chronic                      (D) punctual
- [A] 34. (A) features                      (B) featuring                      (C) was featured                      (D) have featured
- [B] 35. (A) about                      (B) with                      (C) off                      (D) for

### 四、閱讀測驗

Much of the theory of manners was formulated by the sociologist Norbert Elias in his book, *The Civilizing Process*. Elias notes that medieval culture initially gave powerful men the ability to act like children—to live without any physical or psychic restraints. Over a span of several centuries, beginning in the 11<sup>th</sup> or 12<sup>th</sup> and maturing in the 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup>, Europeans increasingly inhibited their impulses, anticipated the long-term consequences of their actions, and took other people's thoughts and feelings into consideration. A culture of honor—the readiness to take revenge—gave way to a culture of dignity—the readiness to control one's emotions.

In the 16<sup>th</sup> century, the great Erasmus **penned** the first etiquette book—*The Handbook of Good*

*Manners for Children*. Several other writers also published similar guidebooks. The books included such rules as: Don't urinate in the hallway; don't use the tablecloth to blow your nose; don't use your personal knife to pop food into your mouth, etc. Interestingly, those rules had less to do with good hygiene than we might imagine. An understanding of microbes and infection did not arrive until well into the 19<sup>th</sup> century. The only explicit rationales stated in those books are to avoid acting like an animal and to avoid offending others.

This civilizing process was long and slow. King David I of Scotland proposed that citizens who learned to eat more properly should get a tax refund. Disappointingly, that idea never caught on. The much-traveled Thomas Coryat introduced the table fork to Britain. When he returned from Italy in 1608 with this fancy novelty, he met with a torrent of ridicule. But that idea did eventually catch on. And a quarter of a century later, the table fork reached America.

- [D] 36. Which statement in the following best expresses the main point of the passage?
- (A) Erasmus was extremely disappointed with people's ill manners.
  - (B) Family dinner is a great time for parents to teach good manners.
  - (C) Formulating theories is one of the important jobs of a sociologist.
  - (D) It took hundreds of years for Western people to develop etiquette rules.
- [D] 37. Which word is closest in meaning to **penned** (the second paragraph)?
- (A) defended                      (B) invented                      (C) knocked                      (D) wrote
- [C] 38. What was emphasized in the etiquette books of the 16<sup>th</sup> century?
- (A) The emotional demands of children                      (B) The importance of public health
  - (C) The need to control one's impulses                      (D) The value of the culture of honor
- [D] 39. According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE?
- (A) In medieval times, powerful men would be criticized if they acted like children.
  - (B) King David I of Scotland encouraged his people to blow noses while eating.
  - (C) Modern European people no longer follow the rules stated in Erasmus's book.
  - (D) People did not accept the use of the table fork when it was first introduced to Britain.
- [A] 40. The passage would most likely be found in a \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) chapter of history book                      (B) handbook for civil service staff
  - (C) high school student yearbook                      (D) training manual for air pilots